

# Mock Exam – Magnetically Coupled Inductors Problem

## Question 6.

For the 2-port network with magnetically coupled coils shown in *Figure 6*, calculate z parameters.

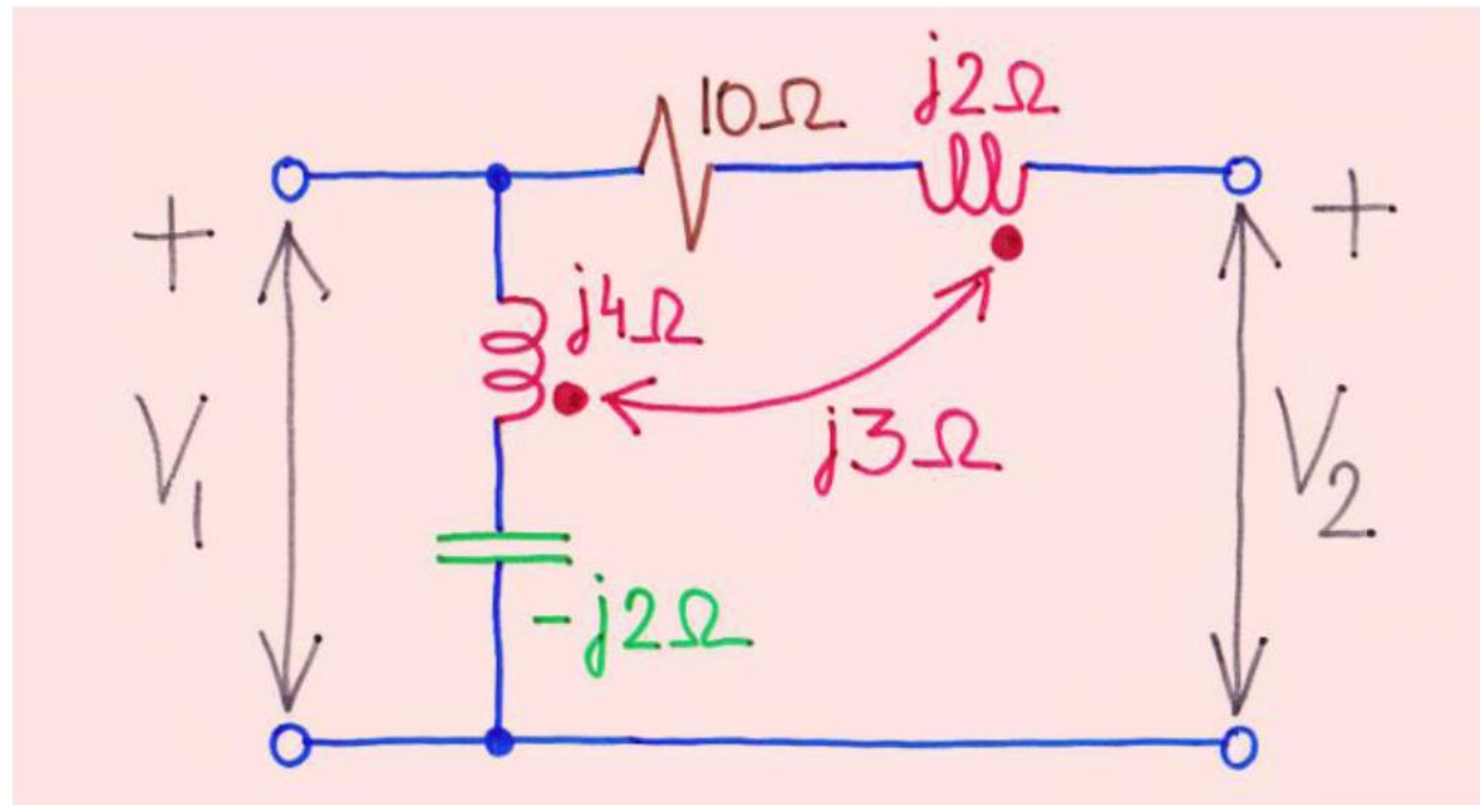
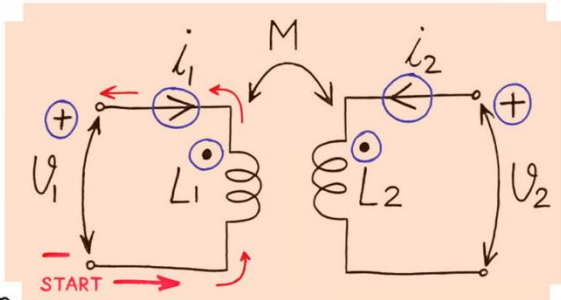


Figure 6

# Magnetically Coupled Inductors – Writing Equations

## MAGNETIC COUPLING



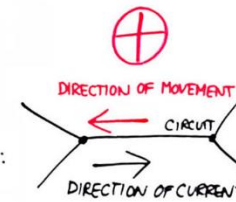
"STANDARD" OR "BASE CASE" :  
 (BETWEEN CURRENTS AND VOLTAGES)  
 (ON BOTH SIDES)

- THE VOLTAGE "+" IS AT THE DOT (FOR BOTH  $V_1$  &  $V_2$ )
- THE CURRENT FLOWS INTO THE DOT (FOR BOTH  $i_1$  &  $i_2$ )

STEP

- 1] WE WANT TO WRITE EQUATION FOR VOLTAGE (EG.  $V_1 = \dots$ )
- 2] START AT "-" AND MOVE THRU CIRCUIT TOWARDS "+"
- 3] **SELF COMPONENT** LOCAL CURRENT DIRECTION MATTERS. DOTS CAN BE DISREGARDED HERE. VOLTAGE "SELF" TERM
- 4] **MUTUAL EFFECT** LOCAL & REMOTE CURRENT DIRECTIONS MATTER. DOTS DO MATTER. VOLTAGE "MUTUAL" TERM

UPSTREAM:

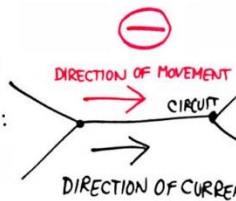


UPSTREAM = POSITIVE

$$\oplus L \frac{di}{dt}$$

← LOCAL

DOWNSTREAM:



DOWNSTREAM = NEGATIVE

$$\ominus L \frac{di}{dt}$$

← LOCAL

→ BOTH CURRENTS FLOW INTO (OUT OF) DOTS

**THE SAME** SIGN AS SELF COMPONENT

$$* M \frac{di}{dt}$$

← REMOTE

IF CURRENT DIRECTIONS **MATCH** THE DOTS, THEN "MUTUAL" SIGN **MATCHES** THE "SELF" SIGN

time

$$L \frac{di(t)}{dt}$$

→ ONE CURRENT INTO DOT, THE OTHER OUT OF

**THE OPPOSITE** SIGN FROM SELF COMPONENT

$$* M \frac{di}{dt}$$

← REMOTE

IF CURRENT DIRECTIONS **DO NOT MATCH** THE DOTS, THEN "MUTUAL" SIGN IS **OPPOSITE** FROM THE "SELF" SIGN

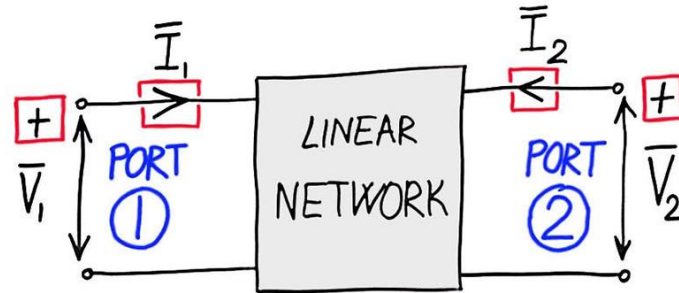
PHASOR

$$\bar{Z}_L \cdot \bar{I} \quad \bar{Z}_L = j\omega L$$

$$\bar{Z}_M = j\omega M$$

# 2-Port Networks – Equations & Parameters

## 2-PORT NETWORKS



Z:

$$\bar{V}_1 = Z_{11} \bar{I}_1 + Z_{12} \bar{I}_2$$

$$\bar{V}_2 = Z_{21} \bar{I}_1 + Z_{22} \bar{I}_2$$

$$Z_{11} = \left. \frac{\bar{V}_1}{\bar{I}_1} \right|_{\bar{I}_2=0} \quad Z_{12} = \left. \frac{\bar{V}_1}{\bar{I}_2} \right|_{\bar{I}_1=0}$$

$$Z_{21} = \left. \frac{\bar{V}_2}{\bar{I}_1} \right|_{\bar{I}_2=0} \quad Z_{22} = \left. \frac{\bar{V}_2}{\bar{I}_2} \right|_{\bar{I}_1=0}$$

Y:

$$\bar{I}_1 = y_{11} \bar{V}_1 + y_{12} \bar{V}_2$$

$$\bar{I}_2 = y_{21} \bar{V}_1 + y_{22} \bar{V}_2$$

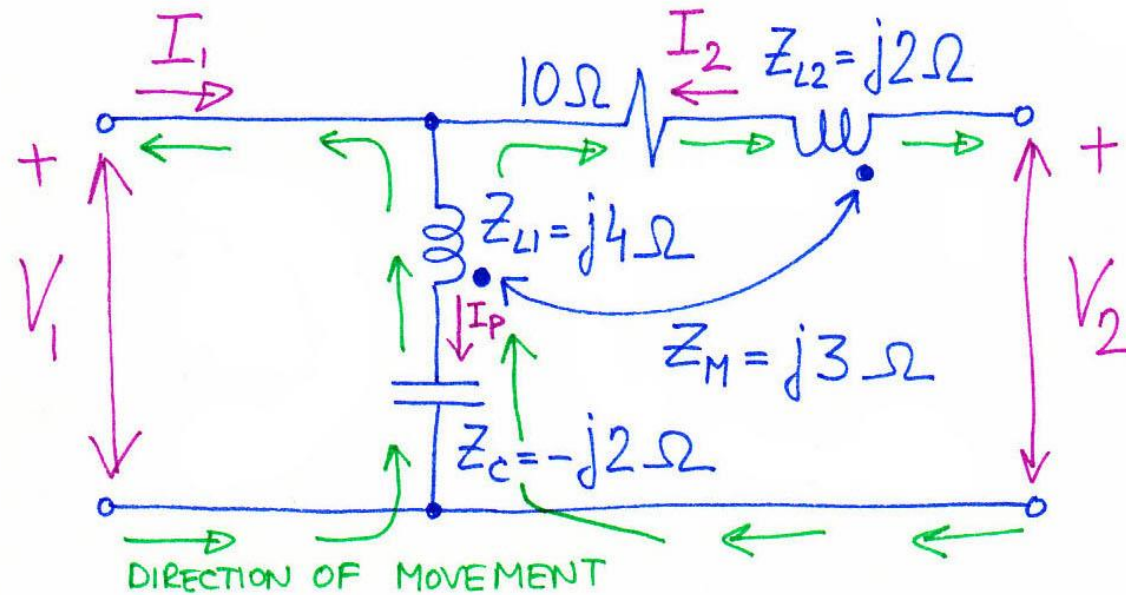
$$y_{11} = \left. \frac{\bar{I}_1}{\bar{V}_1} \right|_{\bar{V}_2=0} \quad y_{12} = \left. \frac{\bar{I}_1}{\bar{V}_2} \right|_{\bar{V}_1=0}$$

$$y_{21} = \left. \frac{\bar{I}_2}{\bar{V}_1} \right|_{\bar{V}_2=0} \quad y_{22} = \left. \frac{\bar{I}_2}{\bar{V}_2} \right|_{\bar{V}_1=0}$$



# Magnetically Coupled Inductors – Solution (page 1)

Q6



$I_p$  FLOWS OUT OF  
DOT OF  $L_1$

$I_2$  FLOWS INTO  
DOT OF  $L_2$

$$I_p = I_1 + I_2$$

HINT ON WRITING EQUATIONS  
TUTORIAL #10, PROBLEM 6

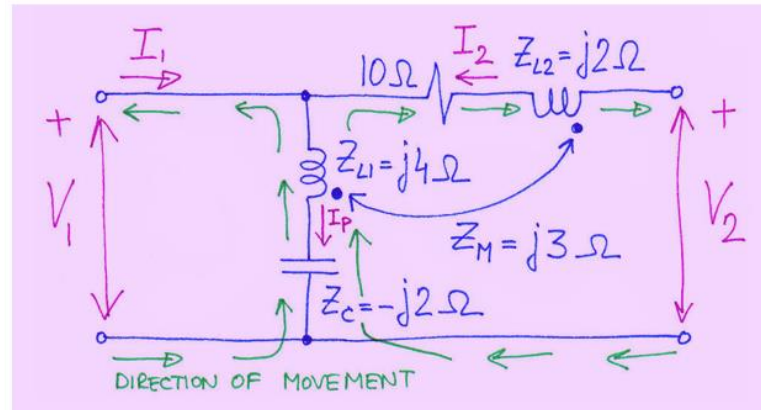
ASSUME STANDARD 2-PORT NETWORK DIRECTIONS FOR  $I_1$  AND  $I_2$ .

Z PARAMETER EQUATIONS:

$$V_1 = Z_{11} I_1 + Z_{12} I_2$$

$$V_2 = Z_{21} I_1 + Z_{22} I_2$$

# Magnetically Coupled Inductors – Solution (page 2)



WRITE EQUATION FOR  $V_1$  ACCORDING TO RULES FOR MAGNETICALLY COUPLED INDUCTORS :

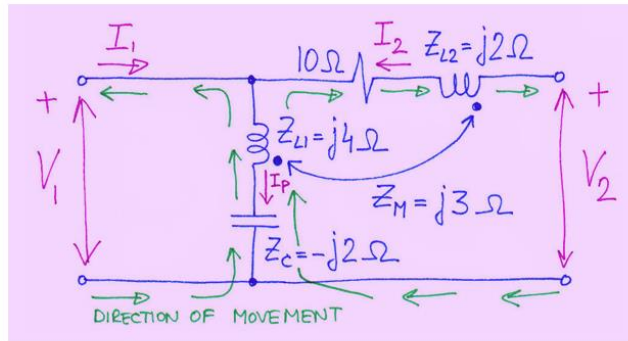
$$V_1 = \underbrace{+Z_C I_P}_{\text{CAP}} + \underbrace{Z_{L1} I_P}_{\text{SELF}} - \underbrace{Z_M I_2}_{\text{MUTUAL}}$$

↑ UPSTREAM      LOCAL & REMOTE CURRENTS DO NOT MATCH (OPPOSITE SIGN FROM SELF TERM)

$$\begin{aligned}
 &= (Z_C + Z_{L1}) I_P - Z_M I_2 \\
 &= (-j2 + j4)(I_1 + I_2) - j3 I_2 \\
 &= j2 I_1 + j2 I_2 - j3 I_2 = \underbrace{(j2)}_{Z_{11}} I_1 + \underbrace{(-j1)}_{Z_{12}} I_2
 \end{aligned}$$



# Magnetically Coupled Inductors – Solution (page 3)



WRITE EQUATION FOR  $V_2$  ACCORDING TO RULES FOR MAGNETICALLY COUPLED INDUCTORS :

$$\begin{aligned}
 V_2 &= + \underbrace{Z_C I_P}_{\text{CAP}} + \underbrace{Z_{L1} I_P}_{\text{SELF L1}} - \underbrace{Z_M I_2}_{\text{MUTUAL (I}_2 \text{ REMOTE)}} + \underbrace{R I_2}_R + \underbrace{Z_{L2} I_2}_{\text{SELF L2}} - \underbrace{Z_M I_P}_{\text{MUTUAL (I}_P \text{ REMOTE)}} \\
 &= (Z_C + Z_{L1} - Z_M) I_P + (R - Z_M + Z_{L2}) I_2 \\
 &= (-j2 + j4 - j3) (I_1 + I_2) + (10 - j3 + j2) I_2 \\
 &= -j1 I_1 - j1 I_2 + (10 - j1) I_2 \\
 &= \underbrace{(-j1)}_{Z_{21}} I_1 + \underbrace{(10 - j2)}_{Z_{22}} I_2
 \end{aligned}$$

THUS  $Z$  MATRIX IS :

$$Z = \begin{bmatrix} j2 & -j1 \\ -j1 & 10 - j2 \end{bmatrix}$$